The tables provides the conditional critical region for testing the independence in a  $2\times 2$  table by means of the Fisher's exact test. The aim is to test:

Ho: Independence vs H<sub>1</sub>: Dependence (two-tailed test)

or H<sub>1</sub>: Negative dependence (one-tailed test)

Under Ho:  $P(x_1) = P(x_1 | a_1, n_1, N) = C(n_1, x_1) \times C(n_2, x_2) / C(N, a_1)$ , with  $a_1 = x_1+x_2$  and  $N=n_1+n_2$ . For a target error  $\alpha$ , the critical region is a set, CR, of  $x_1$ -values with  $\sum_{CR} P(x_1) \le \alpha$  obtained by the optimal criterion (Luna and Martín, 1987):

"For a two-tailed test to the target error  $\alpha$ , arrange the values  $x_1$  from the largest to the smallest value for  $|x_2/n_2-x_1/n_1|$  and keep adding points to the CR until the sum of their probabilities is as near as possible to  $\alpha$  (without passing it). In the case of a tie –points with an equal value of  $|x_2/n_2-x_1/n_1|$  - arrange the points in the order of smallest to greatest probability P(x<sub>1</sub>). For a one-tailed test, the arrangement is based in  $x_2/n_2-x_1/n_1$ ".